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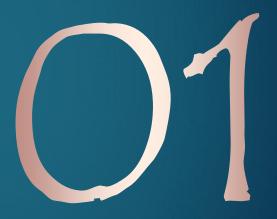
主要内容

- 1 EBSCO数据库介绍
- 2 检索方法与案例演示
- 3 其它获取外文文献的方法





EBSCO数据库介绍









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健康	273	电学	64	文学和文艺评论	261
人类学	184	能源	21	海洋学	60
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消费者健康	89	国际关系	172	社会学和社会工作	612
军事和防御	77	语言学	112	职业研究	17

社会科学类和自然科学类期刊各占50%

BSP期刊分类统计

			7
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1. Automatic Generation of Just-in-time Online Assessments from Software Design

Models 🔎

By: Zualkernan, Imran A.; El-Naaj, Salim Abou; Papadopoulos, Maria; Al-Amoudi, Budoor K.; Matthews, Charles E. Journal of Educational Technology & Society, Jan 2009, Vol. 12 Issue 1, p173-192, 20p, 4 Color Photographs, 1 Black and White Photograph, 4 Diagrams, 6 Charts, 3 Graphs

Computer software is pervasive in today's society. The rate at which new versions of computer software products are released is phenomenal when compared to the release rate of new products in tra...

科目: INTERNET in education; TECHNOLOGICAL innovations; EXAMINATIONS; COMPUTER software; EDUCATIONAL technology; EVALUATION; Computer and Software Stores

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Open Source Software for Experiment Design and Control. 2 By: Hillenbrand, James M.; Gayvert, Robert T.. Journal of Speech, Language & Hearing Research, Feb2005, Vol. 48

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1. APPLICATION OF THE INDEPENDENCE AXIOM ON THE **DESIGN** OF OBJECT-ORIENTED **SOFTWARE** USING THE AXIOMATIC **DESIGN** THEORY.

By: Pimentel, Andrey Ricardo; Stadzisz, Paulo Cézar. Journal of Integrated Design & Process Science, Mar2006, Vol. 10 Issue 1, p57-69, 13p, 8 Diagrams, 3 Charts

Current software design methodologies and techniques enhance software quality features. However, it is difficult to evaluate if a software design solution is good enough without a theoretical fou...

科目: APPLICATION software; OBJECT-oriented methods (Computer science); COMPUTER software --Development; COMPUTER software -- Quality control; USE cases (Systems engineering); DESIGN & construction; SOFTWARE

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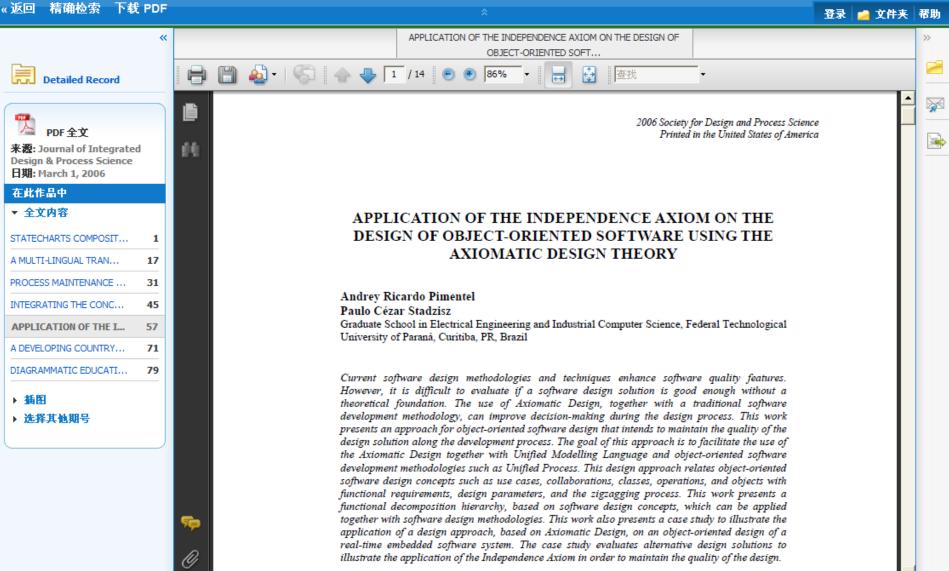
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2. Digital Modeling in Design Foundation Coursework: An Exploratory Study of the Effectiveness of Conceptual Design Software

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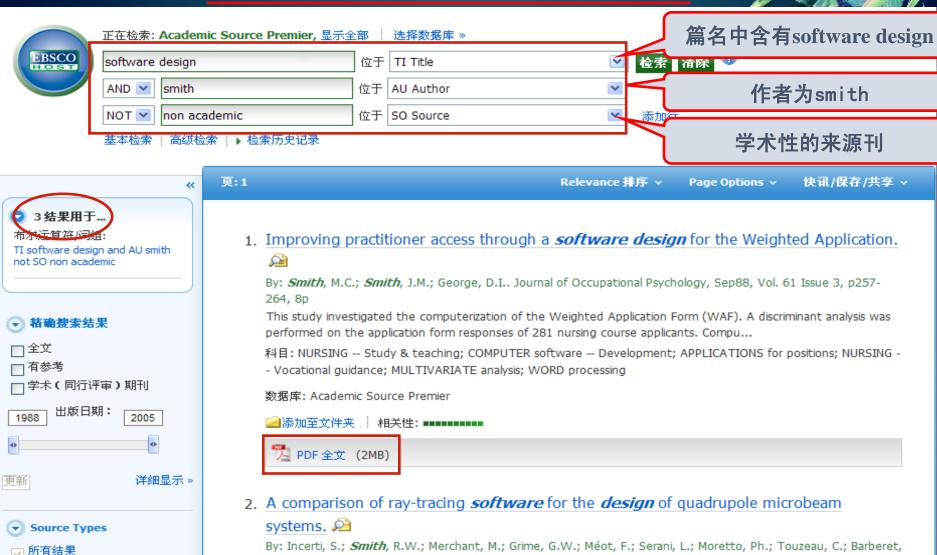
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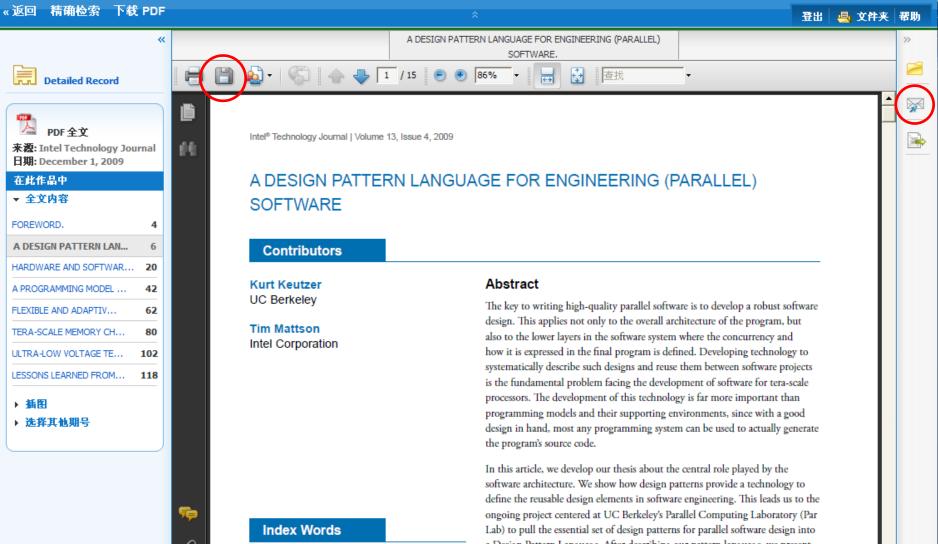
Issue 1-4, p76-85, 10p; DOI: 10.1016/j.nimb.2005.01.038

□ 学术理论期刊

Ph.; Habchi, C.; Nguyen, D.T.. Nuclear Instruments & Methods in Physics Research Section B, Apr2005, Vol. 231

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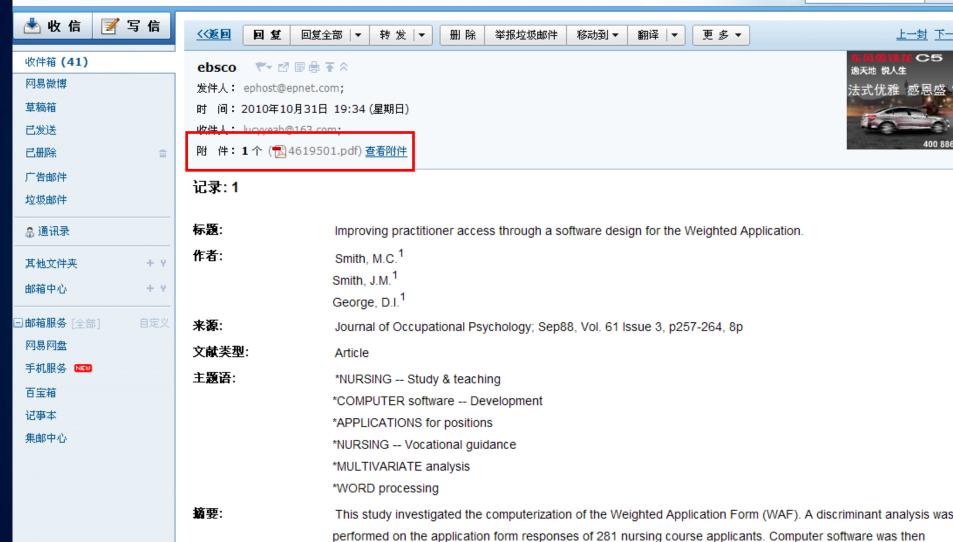
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Journal of Occupational Psychology, 1988, 61, 257-264. Printed in Great Britain © 1988 The British Psychological Society

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Improving practitioner access through a software design for the Weighted Application Form

M. C. Smith*, J. M. Smith and D. I. George

Department of Psychology, Massey University, Palmerston North, New Zealand

This study investigated the computerization of the Weighted Application Form (WAF). A discriminant analysis was performed on the application form responses of 281 nursing course applicants. Computer software was then developed incorporating the classification function from the discriminant analysis procedure. In the second part of the study 45 subjects were divided into three groups and entered eight sets of



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- 1.冲压模具(punching dies)设计,塑料模具(plastic <u>moulds</u>,injection molding) 设计;⊬
- 2. 矫直机(straightening rolls, roll flattening, levelling, straighten out)设计;√

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A SOFTWARE FOR MODELLING OF PLASTIC INJECTION MOULDS

Yahya Hışman ÇELİK¹, Cebeli ÖZEK², İhsan PİLATİN³

¹Mechanical Engineering Department, Faculty of Engineering-Architectural, Batman University,

Turkey, E-mail: yahyahisman.celik@batman.edu.tr, yahyahisman@gmail.com.

²Mechanical Education Department, Faculty of Technical Education, Fırat University, Turkey

³English Lecturer of Batman University, Turkey

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豆粕固态发酵生产优质高蛋白饲料的菌种筛选试验

王金斌,马海乐*,段玉清,李文 (江苏大学食品与生物工程学院,江苏镇江 212013)

摘要 [目的]为筛选生产优质高蛋白饲料的菌种研究提供依据。[方法]选择4个菌种,通过平板培养、单菌和混态发酵生产优质高蛋白饲料的菌种进行筛选。[结果]结果表明:酵母菌和枯草芽孢杆菌混合菌种作用于豆粕可枯草芽孢杆菌 M5094 与热带假丝酵母 C3161 混菌发酵豆粕效果最好,发酵反应 48h 后,豆粕的粗蛋白含量增加36.43%。[结论]选择酵母菌和枯草芽孢杆菌2种菌作为豆粕固态发酵生产优质高蛋白饲料的复合菌种。

关键词 豆粕;固态发酵;蛋白饲料;酵母菌;枯草芽孢杆菌

中图分类号 S816.4 文献标识码 A 文章编号 0517 - 6611(2008)19 - 08112 - 03

Screening Test of Producing High Quality Protein Feedstuff Strains from Soybean Meal by Solid Fermentation

WANG Jin-bin et al (School of Food and Biological Engineering, Jiangsu University, Zhenjiang, Jiangsu 212013)

Abstract [Objective] The research aimed to provide references for the study of selecting strains producing high quality protein strains were chosen to screen the ones producing high quality protein feedstuff with plate cultivation experiment, single strain and experiment. [Result] The results showed that crude protein in soybean meal could increase by compound culture of *Bacillus su* compound culture of *Bacillus subtilis* M5094 and *Candida tropicalis* C3161 was best. When the fermentation time was 48 h, t crude protein content of soybean meal was 11.50 %, and the increment was 36.43 %. [Conclusion] Two strains of microzyme and selected to produce high quality protein feedstuff from soybean meal by solid state fermentation.

Key words Soybean meal; Solid state fermentation; High quality protein feedstuff; Microzyme; Bacillus subtilis



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案例二:所需外文文献查找 (基科部齐主任)

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- [1] Jadbabaie A, Lin J.Morse A S. Coordination of groups of mobile autonomous agents using nearest neighbor rules [J]. IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, 2003, 48(9): 988-1001.
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IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON CIRCUITS AND SYSTEMS—I: REGULAR PAPERS, VOL. 57, NO. 1, JANUARY 2010

Consensus of Multiagent Systems and Synchronization of Complex Networks: A Unified Viewpoint

Zhongkui Li, Zhisheng Duan, Guanrong Chen, Fellow, IEEE, and Lin Huang

Abstract—This paper addresses the consensus problem of multiagent systems with a time-invariant communication topology consisting of general linear node dynamics. A distributed observertype consensus protocol based on relative output measurements is proposed. A new framework is introduced to address in a unified way the consensus of multiagent systems and the synchronization of complex networks. Under this framework, the consensus of multiagent systems with a communication topology having a spanning tree can be cast into the stability of a set of matrices of the same low dimension. The notion of consensus region is then introduced and analyzed. It is shown that there exists an observer-type protocol solving the consensus problem and meanwhile yielding an unbounded consensus region if and only if each agent is both stabilizable and detectable. A multistep consensus protocol design procedure is further presented. The consensus with respect to a time-varying state and the robustness of the consensus protocol to external disturbances are finally discussed. The effectiveness of the theoretical results is demonstrated through numerical simulations, with an application to low-Earth-orbit satellite formation flying.

Index Terms—Consensus, graph theory, linear matrix inequality (LMI), multiagent system, synchronization, H_{∞} control.

witnessed dramatic advances of various distributed strategies that achieve agreements. Reference[43] proposed a simple model for phase transition of a group of self-driven particles and numerically depicted the complexity of the model. Reference[15] provided a theoretical explanation for the behavior observed in [43] by using graph theory. In [23], a general framework of the consensus problem for networks of dynamic agents with fixed or switching topologies and communication time delays was established. The conditions derived in [23] were further relaxed in [29]. Reference [1] proposed a passivity-based design framework to deal with the group coordination problem, where both fixed and time-varying communication structures were considered. References[12] and [13] considered tracking control for multiagent consensus with an active leader and designed a local controller together with a neighbor-based state-estimation rule. Predictive mechanisms were introduced in [44] to achieve ultrafast consensus. Reference[19] investigated the consensus problem for directed networks of agents with external disturbances and model uncertainties on fixed

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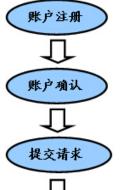
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• [1] Jadbabaie A, Lin J, Morse A S. Coordination of groups of mobile autonomous agents using nearest neighor rules [J]. IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, 2003, 48(9): 988-1001.



Coordination of Groups of Mobile Autonomous Agents Using Nearest Neighbor Rules

Ali Jadbabaie, Jie Lin, and A. Stephen Morse, Fellow, IEEE



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Abstract-In a recent Physical Review Letters article, Vicsek et al. propose a simple but compelling discrete-time model of nautonomous agents (i.e., points or particles) all moving in the plane with the same speed but with different headings. Each agent's heading is updated using a local rule based on the average of its own heading plus the headings of its "neighbors." In their paper, Vicsek et al. provide simulation results which demonstrate that the nearest neighbor rule they are studying can cause all agents to eventually move in the same direction despite the absence of centralized coordination and despite the fact that each agent's set of nearest neighbors change with time as the system evolves. This paper provides a theoretical explanation for this observed behavior. In addition, convergence results are derived for several other similarly inspired models. The Vicsek model proves to be a graphic example of a switched linear system which is stable, but for which there does not exist a common quadratic Lyapunov function.

Index Terms—Cooperative control, graph theory, infinite products, multiagent systems, switched systems.

I. INTRODUCTION

■ N [1], Vicsek et al. propose a simple but compelling discrete-time model of n autonomous agents (i.e., points or particles) all moving in the plane with the same speed but with different headings. Each agent's heading is updated using a local rule based on the average of its own heading plus the headings of its "neighbors." Agent i's neighbors at time t, are those agents which are either in or on a circle of pre-specified radius r centered at agent i's current position. The Vicsek model turns out to be a special version of a model introduced previously by Reynolds [2] for simulating visually satisfying flocking and schooling behaviors for the animation industry. In their paper, Vicsek et al. provide a variety of interesting simulation results which demonstrate that the nearest neighbor rule they are studying can cause all agents to eventually move in the 本篇文献在以上地址将被保留レンバット時心では大す。また、一時典文化がなか、またの文章とかった。

There is a large and growing literature concerned with the coordination of groups of mobile autonomous agents. Included here is the work of Czirok et al. [3] who propose one-dimensional models which exhibit the same type of behavior as Vicsek's. In [4] and [5], Toner and Tu construct a continuous "hydrodynamic" model of the group of agents, while other authors such as Mikhailov and Zanette [6] consider the behavior of populations of self propelled particles with long range interactions. Schenk et al. determined interactions between individual self-propelled spots from underlying reaction-diffusion equation [7]. Meanwhile, in modeling biological systems, Grünbaum and Okubo use statistical methods to analyze group behavior in animal aggregations [8]. This paper and, for example, the work reported in [9]-[12] are part of a large literature in the biological sciences focusing on many aspects of aggregation behavior in different species.

In addition to these modeling and simulation studies, research papers focusing on the detailed mathematical analysis of emergent behaviors are beginning to appear. For example, Lui et al. [13] use Lyapunov methods and Leonard et al. [14] and Olfati and Murray [15] use potential function theory to understand flocking behavior, and Ögren et al. [16] uses control Lyapunov function-based ideas to analyze formation stability, while Fax and Murray [17] and Desai et al. [18] employ graph theoretic techniques for the same purpose.

The one feature which sharply distinguishes previous analyzes from that undertaken here is that this paper explicitly takes into account possible changes in nearest neighbors over time. Changing nearest neighbor sets is an inherent property of the Vicsek model and in the other models we consider. To analyze such models, it proves useful to appeal to well-known results [19], [20] characterizing the convergence of infinite products of certain types of nonnegative matrices. The study of infinite matrix products is ongoing [21]-[26], and is undoubtedly

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